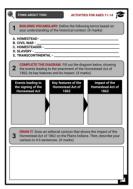


## SCHOOL HISTORY







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# SCHOOL HISTORY

# The Homestead Act of 1862



### WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

- Significance of the Civil War and postwar reconstruction
- Reasons for passing the Homestead Act of 1862
- Key features and significance of the Homestead Act of 1862
- The impacts of the Homestead Act of 1862



#### **FACT FILE**

### **OVERVIEW**

The Homestead Act of 1862 was signed by US President Abraham Lincoln on the 20th of May, 1862. It granted African-Americans a 160-acre plot of public land for a small filing fee. Formerly enslaved, women, and even immigrants were allowed to become landowners as a result of this landmark legislation. It also promoted settlement, as well as development of the American West. A total of almost 270 million acres (109 million hectares) of land were distributed under this law.



### SIGNIFICANCE OF CIVIL WAR AND POSTWAR RECONSTRUCTION

Southern states Northern states of America (The **American Civil War** of America (The Confederates) (1861 to 1865) Union) **Principle:** Slavery Principle: Put an as a basis of end to slavery in The fight between economic the United States the North & South development Northern states Meanwhile, the Conflicting wanted ordinary Southern states interests over people and families advocated for the the American or individuals to legalisation of West create farms in the slavery in the West West Passage of a single legislation poses a challenge to the development of settlements in the American West American Civil War (1861 to 1865) **SIGNIFICANCE CONSEQUENCES** The Northern Two landmark The Southern During the war, states could laws were an estimated states were make their own passed: The 600,000 people most affected laws as a result **Homestead Act** died, while as most battles of the Southern (May 1862) and 400,000 were took place states' **Railroad Act** wounded there withdrawal from

the US

(July 1862)

+ --



## THINK ABOUT THIS!

# ACTIVITIES FOR AGES 11-14



BUILDING VOCABULARY. Define the following terms based on your understanding of the historical context. (X marks)

A. HOMESTEAD	
B. CIVIL WAR	
C. HOMESTEADER	
D. SLAVERY	
E. TRANSCONTINENTAL -	



### **THINK ABOUT THIS!**

### **ACTIVITIES FOR AGES 14-16**



1

**SOURCE ANALYSIS.** Critically analyse **Source A**. Based on the document, what was the purpose of the Homestead Act of 1862? (X marks)

SOURCE A: The Homestead Act of 1862, enacted 20th May, 1862

Be it enacted, That any person who is the head of a family, or who has arrived at the age of twenty-one years, and is a citizen of the United States, or who shall have filed his declaration of intention to become such, as required by the naturalization laws of the United States, and who has never borne arms against the United States Government or given aid and comfort to its enemies, shall, from and after the first of January, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, be entitled to enter one quarter-section or a less quantity of unappropriated public lands, upon which said person may have filed a preemption claim. . . . Provided, that any person owning or residing on land may, under the provision of the act, enter other land lying contiguous to his or her said land, which shall not, with the land already owned and occupied, exceed in the aggregate one hundred and sixty acres.



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