

# GCSE HISTORY

Specification B

Unit 2: Twentieth Century Depth Studies

Tuesday 14 June 2016 Afternoon Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

#### **Materials**

For this paper you must have:

• an AQA 12-page answer book.

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The **Paper Reference** is 91452.
- Choose three topics one from Section A, one from Section B and one from Section C.
- You may not choose more than two of the following three topics:

The Roaring 20s: USA, 1918-1929

Depression and the New Deal: USA, 1929-1941

Race Relations in the USA, 1945-1968

- Answer all questions on each of your chosen topics.
- Do all rough work in the answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

#### Information

• The topics are on the following pages:

Section A	Topic 1	From Tsardom to Communism: Russia, 1914–1924	Pages 2-3
	Topic 2	Weimar Germany, 1919–1929	Pages 4-5
	Topic 3	The Roaring 20s: USA, 1918–1929	Pages 6-7
Section B	Topic 4	Stalin's Dictatorship: USSR, 1924–1941	Page 8
	Topic 5	Hitler's Germany, 1929–1945	Page 8
	Topic 6	Depression and the New Deal: The USA, 1929–1941	Page 9
Section C	Topic 7	Race Relations in the USA, 1945–1968	Page 10
	Topic 8	War in Vietnam, 1954–1975	Page 10
	Topic 9	Britain: The Challenge in Northern Ireland, 1960–1999	Page 11
	Topic 10	The Middle East, 1956–1999	Page 11

- The maximum mark for this paper is 69.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers. All
  questions should be answered in continuous prose. Quality of Written Communication will be
  assessed in all answers.
- Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar will be assessed in questions 03, 06 and 09 in Section A; in questions 11, 13, 15 in Section B; in questions 17, 19, 21 and 23 in Section C. The marks for Spelling, Punctuation and Grammar (**SPaG**) are shown below the mark allocation for each question.

#### **Advice**

You are advised to spend about 35 minutes on each of your chosen topics.

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#### Section A

Choose one topic from this section.

Answer all questions on your chosen topic.

## Topic 1: From Tsardom to Communism: Russia, 1914–1924

Answer questions 0 1 , 0 2 and 0 3

0 1 Study Source A.

#### Source A The Provisional Government.

At first the Provisional Government was popular because it granted freedom of speech. Members of the government had many different ideas on how Russia should be governed and they found it hard to agree on decisions. One decision was to reject the idea of peasants owning land. It did decide to carry on fighting in the First World War even though people were short of food and fuel.

What does **Source A** suggest about the Provisional Government?

[4 marks]

**0 2** Explain why Tsar Nicholas II had become unpopular by early 1917.

[6 marks]

0 3 Study Source B.

## Source B A Soviet poster of 1920.

It shows the 'Aurora' that took part in the Bolshevik uprising and Lenin holding a copy of the Bolshevik newspaper 'Pravda'.



How useful is **Source B** for studying the Bolshevik uprising of October/November 1917?

Use **Source B** and **your knowledge** to explain your answer.

[10 marks] [SPaG 3 marks]

If you have answered the questions on Topic 1, turn now to page 8 for Section B

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## Topic 2: Weimar Germany, 1919–1929

Answer questions 0 4 , 0 5 and 0 6

0 4 Study Source C.

## **Source C** The Nazi Party in the late 1920s.

The Nazis became a national party and set up local branches all over Germany. They tried to appeal to factory workers but many of these supported the Communist Party. They had more success with the peasants who were not sharing the prosperity that was growing in the cities. The Nazis promised to help farmers if they were elected.

What does **Source C** suggest about the Nazi Party in Germany during the late 1920s?

[4 marks]

**0 5** Explain the effects of the hyperinflation of 1923 on the German people.

[6 marks]

0 6 Study Source D.

**Source D** A poster produced by the Spartacists in 1919.

It shows the Spartacists destroying the government. The headline says "Support Spartacists".



How useful is **Source D** for studying the problems facing the Weimar Republic in the years 1919 to 1923?

Use **Source D** and **your knowledge** to explain your answer.

[10 marks] [SPaG 3 marks]

If you have answered the questions on Topic 2, turn now to page 8 for Section B

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## Topic 3: The Roaring 20s: USA, 1918–1929

Answer questions 0 7 , 0 8 and 0 9

0 7 Study Source E.

## Source E The Wall Street Crash, 1929.

The government was taken by surprise and had to provide soup kitchens. Investors sold their shares for whatever price they could get. Some investors committed suicide. Many banks had to repossess homes from investors who could not repay what they had borrowed.

What does Source E suggest about the effects of the Wall Street Crash?

[4 marks]

**O** 8 Explain developments in the entertainment industries in the USA in the 1920s.

[6 marks]

0 9 Study Source F.

## **Source F** A cartoon in an American magazine published in 1921.

Its title was 'The Only Way to Handle It'. It is commenting on the 1921 law to deal with immigration into the USA.



How useful is **Source F** for studying American attitudes to immigration in the 1920s?

Use **Source F** and **your knowledge** to explain your answer.

[10 marks] [SPaG 3 marks]

If you have answered the questions on Topic 3, turn now to page 8 for Section B

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#### **Section B**

Choose one topic from this section.

Answer both questions on your chosen topic.

#### **Either**

Topic 4: Stalin's Dictatorship: USSR, 1924-1941 Answer questions **0** and 1 0 Explain the economic results of the Five Year Plans in the years 1928 to 1941. [8 marks] 'Defeating Trotsky was the main reason why Stalin was the leader of the USSR by 1 1 1929. How far do you agree with this interpretation? Explain your answer. [12 marks] [SPaG 3 marks] If you have answered the questions on Topic 4, turn now to page 10 for Section C or

Topic 5: Hitler's Germany, 1929–1945

Answer questions 1 2 and 1 3

1 2 Explain the effects of the Second World War on the lives of the German people.

[8 marks]

1 3 'The use of propaganda in the years 1929 to 1933 was the main reason Hitler became Chancellor of Germany in January 1933.'

How far do you agree with this interpretation? Explain your answer.

[12 marks] [SPaG 3 marks]

If you have answered the questions on Topic 5, turn now to page 10 for Section C

or

Topic 6:	Depression and the New Deal: The USA, 1929-1941	
Answer que	estions 1 4 and 1 5.	
1 4	Explain why there was opposition to the New Deal.	[8 marks]
1 5	'Hoover's attempts to end the Depression were a complete failure.'	
	How far do you agree with this interpretation? Explain your answer.	[12 marks] [SPaG 3 marks]

If you have answered the questions on Topic 6, turn now to page 10 for Section C

## **Section C**

Choose one topic from this section.

Answer **both** questions on your chosen topic.

## **Either**

Topic 7:	Race Relations in the USA, 1945–1968				
Answer que	stions 1 6 and 1 7.				
1 6	Why did the Freedom Rides and Freedom Marches lead to the passing of the				
	Civil Rights Act of 1964? [8 marks]				
1 7	'The Montgomery Bus Boycott was the most important event in the Civil Rights movement in the 1950s.'				
	How far do you agree with this interpretation? Explain your answer.  [12 marks]				
	[SPaG 3 marks]				
or					
Topic 8:	War in Vietnam, 1954–1975				
Answer que	stions 18 and 19.				
1 8	Why did US media coverage lead to increased opposition to the war in Vietnam in				
	the late 1960s? [8 marks				
1 9	'The failure of the American bombing campaigns in Vietnam was the main reason why the USA struggled to win the war in Vietnam.'				
	How far do you agree with this interpretation? Explain your answer.				
	[12 marks] [SPaG 3 marks]				

or

Topic 9:	Britain: The challenge	in Northern	Ireland,	1960-1999
			,	

Answer questions 2 0 and 2 1

Why did the situation in Northern Ireland in the early 1970s lead to Bloody Sunday in 1972?

[8 marks]

(Economic and political conditions improved in Northern Ireland during the time of the O'Neill government, 1963 to 1969.)

How far do you agree with this interpretation? Explain your answer.

[12 marks] [SPaG 3 marks]

or

## **Topic 10:** The Middle East: 1956–1999

Answer questions 2 2 and 2 3

**2 2** Why did the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) gain support in the 1960s? **[8 marks]** 

2 3 'The Camp David Agreement showed that peace between Arabs and Israelis in the Middle East was possible.'

How far do you agree with this interpretation? Explain your answer.

[12 marks] [SPaG 3 marks]

**END OF QUESTIONS** 

## There are no questions printed on this page

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