

# AS HISTORY

Religious conflict and the Church in England, c1529-c1570 Component 2D The break with Rome, c1529-1547

Wednesday 25 May 2016 Afternoon Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

## **Materials**

For this paper you must have:

an AQA 16-page answer book.

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The Paper Reference is 7041/2D.
- Answer two questions.
  In Section A answer Question 01
  In Section B answer either 02 or 03.

# Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 50.
- You will be marked on your ability to:
  - use good English
  - organise information clearly
  - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

### Advice

- You are advised to spend about:
  - 50 minutes on Section A
  - 40 minutes on Section B.

IB/M/Jun16/E2 7041/2D

#### Section A

## Answer Question 01.

#### Source A

From a letter from the Imperial Ambassador in London, Eustace Chapuys, to the Holy Roman Emperor Charles V, January 1531. The letter reports his discussion with the Duke of Norfolk, a leading Privy Councillor and uncle of Anne Boleyn.

I said that the Pope had fulfilled the King's wishes as much as he could in the matter of the annulment. The Duke referred to calling the General Council of the Church; I remarked that the Pope had been unwilling to call the Council because of the lies Henry had published about him, whereas the Pope had given the King no occasion to do anything against him or the Church.

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The Duke of Norfolk said that the Pope had no jurisdiction, except in matters of heresy and that the Pope had tried to usurp the King's authority. He stated that the King had a right to Empire and that he recognised no superior.

#### Source B

From the Act passed by parliament in 1534 for the submission of the clergy to the King. This confirmed in law the submission which the clergy had made to Henry VIII in May 1532 when they had been accused of Praemunire.

The King's humble and obedient subjects the clergy, submitting themselves to the King's Majesty, have promised that they will never from henceforth attempt, allege, claim or put in use, or enact any new canon law, unless his Majesty does give his most royal assent and authority.

And be it further enacted, that no appeals shall be made out of this realm to the Bishop of Rome. All appeals in cases of matrimony and tithes shall be made within this realm.

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If any persons make any manner of appeals to the Bishop of Rome, then such persons will incur the penalties contained in the Act of Praemunire passed in the reign of Richard II.

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With reference to these sources and your understanding of the historical context, which of these two sources is more valuable in explaining Henry VIII's relationship with the Church in the years 1531 to 1534?

[25 marks]

## **Section B**

# Answer either Question 02 or Question 03.

# **Either**

o 2 'The most serious criticisms of the Church by 1529 were those concerning the abuses of the clergy.'

Explain why you agree or disagree with this view.

[25 marks]

or

0 3 'Religious divisions were the main reason for the fall of Thomas Cromwell.'

Explain why you agree or disagree with this view.

[25 marks]

# **END OF QUESTIONS**

# There are no questions printed on this page

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