

Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
First name(s)		0



**GCSE**

C100U60-1



**THURSDAY, 9 JUNE 2022 – MORNING**

**HISTORY**  
**COMPONENT 2: STUDIES IN BREADTH**  
**Thematic Study**

**2F. Changes in Health and Medicine in Britain,**  
**c.500 to the present day**

1 hour 15 minutes

For Examiner's use only		
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	4	
2.	6	
3.	5	
4.	9	
5.	16	
6.a	8	
6.b	12	
<b>Total</b>	<b>60</b>	

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

**Answer all questions on the examination paper.**

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. Additional space is provided for question 6(b) within the booklet (if required). If further space is required for any question, use the additional page(s) at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

Question 5 will assess your ability to construct a balanced, reasoned and well-substantiated extended narrative response.



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Answer **all** questions.

### QUESTION 1

Look at Sources A, B and C which show attempts to prevent illness and disease over time and answer the question which follows.

#### Source A



[Attempting to prevent illness and disease in the medieval period]

#### Source B



[Attempting to prevent illness and disease in the 19th century]





**QUESTION 2**

Study Sources D and E below and answer the question which follows.

**Source D**

An excess of black bile has filled me with melancholy. And so, I have taken to walking in the health-giving air, to restore the balance of my humours.

[From correspondence between two Spanish noblemen referred to in *Love's Labour's Lost*, a comedy play written by William Shakespeare, an author c.1597]

**Source E**

The discovery of penicillin has ushered in a new era in the treatment of disease. We stand close to a revolution in medicine that is the result of Alexander Fleming's discovery. Fleming deserves his place among the immortals.

[From *The British Medical Journal*, 1955, a publication producing research articles for medical practitioners]

Which of the two sources is the more reliable to an historian studying attempts to treat and cure illness and disease over time? [6]

[In your answer you should refer to the content and authorship of the sources and use your own knowledge and understanding of the wider historical context.]

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Examiner  
only

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ON THIS PAGE**





Examiner  
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Total





Examiner  
only

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